

Polypropylene, Homopolymer

Safety Datasheet

Version No. 1.0 Revision Date: 28th April 2022

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION						
Product Identifier/ Name: POLYPROPYLENE, HOMOPOL	YMER	Other Classifications: Class: Not Classified Petroleum Class: Not Classified Hazard Identification No. (HIN): Not Pertinent				
Product Recommended Use: moulding, compounding etc	ion processes like extrusion,					
Manufacturer's Name:Supplier's Name:Nayara Energy LimitedNayara Energy Limited						
Street Address: Refinery Site, Devbhumi Dwarka Dist., Gujo	P. O. Box No. 24, Khambhalia Post, arat – 361305, India	Street Address: Refinery Site, P. O. Box No. 24, Khambhalia Post, Devbhumi Dwarka Dist., Gujarat – 361305, India				
City: Jamnagar	State: Gujarat	City: Jamnagar	State: Gujarat			
Pin Code: 361305 Emergency Contact: Refinery Shift Manager +91 9979891330		Pin Code: 361305	Emergency Contact: Refinery Shift Manager +91 9979891330			
MSDS Preparation Date: 28 th April 2022	Prepared By: Tushar Dongre		Contact No: +91 8976844397			

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

UN GHS Classifications:

<u>Hazards</u>	<u>Classification</u>	<u>Category</u>
Physical:	<u>Flammable Solid</u>	Category 1
Health:	Not classified	
Environmental:	<u>Not classified</u>	

NFPA Rating:

Health Rating	0
	(1 for Molten material/ dust)
Flammability Rating	1
Instability/ Reactivity Rating	0
Special Rating	



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GHS Labeling:

Symbol(s): Flame



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

H228	Flammable solid
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Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No Smoking.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof (electrical/ventilating/lighting/other) equipment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. Refer Section 8.

Response:

P370+P378	In case of fire: Use Foam, Dry powder, Carbon dioxide, Water spray or
	Sand to extinguish. Refer Section 5.

Storage:

		No additional specific requirements. Refer Section 7.	
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Disposal:

No additional specific requirements. Refer Section 13.
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Other Hazards:

1. May form combustible dust concentrations in air, if the small particles / powder is generated during usage or transportation of the material or due to any other activity.

Maximum size of dust established as explosion risk with low MIE (below 30 mJ) is 75 microns [Source: OSHA Notice, Directive no.: TED-01-00-015, OSHA Technical Manual – Section IV, Chapter 6, Combustible Dusts]

- 2. Slipping hazard, if the product granules are spilled on the floor.
- 3. May accumulate Electrostatic charges during handling.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical/Substance Information

Chemical Name	Polypropene		Chemical Formula	(C ₃ H ₆) _n			
Synonyms	1-Propene Ho	-Propene Homopolymer, PP Homopolymer, PPHP					
CAS Number	9003-07-0	UN No.	Not listed	HAZCHEM Code	Not pertinent		
EC Number	618-352-4	Class Petroleum Class	Not Classified	Hazard ID No. (HIN)	Not pertinent		

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Polypropylene is manufactured by addition polymerization of propylene monomer in the reactor under low temperature and low pressure using Zeigler Natta or a metallocene catalyst. The polymer formed is pelletized in the extruder where additives are added to stabilize and provide functional properties.

	Hazardous Ingredients (Chemical Name)			centration (%)	CAS Numb							-	nformation , LC ₅₀)	
Polypropyler Homopolym 618-352-4)		2003-07-0;		99 - 100	9003-0	7-0	Flammable temperatu			_	Non Toxic			
Additives				< 1.0 %			No adverse	healt	h eff	ects No	adve	rse he	ealth effects	
SECTION 4:	FIRS	T-AID MEASU	RES											
Exposure:	٧	Skin Contact		Absorption	ı (Skin)	√	(Fume during proce or dus		Inhalation (Fumes during processing or dust if formed)	٧	Inge	estion (Oral)		
Necessary Me	easur	es:												
i. On Conto	act wi	th Skin		If the skin co (by spray or from the skir	omes in a r immersi n as there	conto on). N e is do		nolten should beelin	mat I be g.	erial, use ple	,		l water to cool nolten material	
ii. On Conto	ii. On Contact with Eyes			Eye irritation may occur in case if powder or dust enters eyes. Wash the eyes with plenty of water till the irritation disappears. Get medical attention in case if the symptoms persist.										
iii. On Inhala	ation			Take the affected person to fresh air. If the symptoms persist get medical attention.										
iv. On Ingestion (if swallowed/ mixed with food) Unlikely to cause any hazard if ingested in sm May cause choking hazard. If the person is a DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING or treat with professional.		on is c												
Symptoms/	Coi	ntact with Skin		Severe burns may be caused by molten material.										
Effects	Coi	ntact with Eye		Dust can cause irritation to eyes. Fumes may cause irritation, redness of eyes.										
	Inh	alation		Dust and fumes may be irritating to the respiratory system										
	Ing	estion		May cause choking hazard.										
Emergency Treatment Treat symptomatically			ly. Tre	at the burns c	as thei	rmal	burns. No spe	ecial t	reatn	nent otherwise.				
SECTION 5:	FIRE	-FIGHTING N	EAS	URES										
Flash Point (C	C), °C	> 260	Flas	h Point (OC)	, ° C N	ot de	termined	Auto	o-Ign	ition Temper	ature,	°C	> 390	
Suitable Extinguishing Media				Use Foam, C	Ory powd	er, C	arbon dioxide	, Wat	er sp	ray or Sand			ı	
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media				None, be co	areful wh	en us	ing water jet t	to not	to sp	oread the gr	anules	S.		
Specific Hazards during Fire				may be forn	ned durir	ng fire							des and smoke els.	

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Hazardous Combustion Products

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Dust dispersed in the air in sufficient concentration may form combustible cloud which

nazaraous Combusilon Froducis		may cause explosion hazard in the presence of ignition source like spark.				
Special PPE	for Fire-Fighters	Wear appropriate firefighting protective clothing. Wear approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece in a positive pressure mode.				
Precautions	to be taken	Follow all safety precautions for chemical fires. As far as possible, avoid dust generation or dust cloud generation by using low pressure medium fog streams. Firefighting to be done from safe distance using hoses or nozzles. After fire is dozed, use plenty of water to cool the containers before entering the site.				
Further Infor	mation	or dust cloud generation by using low pressure medium fog streams. Firefighting to be done from safe distance using hoses or nozzles. After fire is dozed, use plenty of water to cool the containers before entering the site. In case of fire, isolate the affected area by evacuating the manpower immediately. If found safe, move rest of the material away from the site. Use water spray or fog to cool the exposed containers. E MEASURES Do not take any action if not trained properly. Put on personal protective equipment. Move away from the site and restrict entry of other persons. Shut of ignition source if it is safe to do so. Avoid breathing dust or fumes. Wear respirator if ventilation is not proper. Do not walk on the spilled or molten material. Leave site and gather at safe assembly point. Spilled unmolten material may cause slipping hazard. Barricade the site and evacuate other persons immediately. Use appropriate safety clothing and equipment. Molten material is sticky and may flow. Do not touch or walk on molten material. Do not flush in to sewers. Prevent entry in to soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Notify concerned authorities if material enters these areas. Take the bags / containers away from affected area. Use non sparking tools to protect against static charge accumulation. Do not allow dust deposits. Use vacuum or sweep the surfaces. Do not allow dust to mix in air and form cloud as it may cause explosion hazard.				
SECTION 6	: ACCIDENTAL REL	EASE MEASURES				
Personal Pre	ecautions	Do not take any action if not trained properly. Put on personal protective equipment. Move away from the site and restrict entry of other persons. Shut of ignition source if it is safe to do so. Avoid breathing dust or fumes. Wear respirator if ventilation is not proper. Do not walk on the spilled or molten material. Leave site and gather at safe assembly point. Spilled unmolten material may cause slipping hazard. Barricade the site and evacuate other persons immediately. Use appropriate safety clothing and equipment. Molten material is sticky and may flow. Do not touch or walk on molten material.				
Environment	tal Precautions	Do not flush in to sewers. Prevent entry in to soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Notify concerned authorities if material enters these areas.				
Containment & Clean-up Methods		Take the bags / containers away from affected area. Use non sparking tools to protect against static charge accumulation. Do not allow dust deposits. Use vacuum or sweep the surfaces. Do not allow dust to mix in air and form cloud as it may cause explosion hazard. Place the material in designated labelled container to dispose properly. In case of large spills use shovels or vacuum to put the material in to designated labelled container. Do not allow material entry in to waterways or sewers. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.				
SECTION 7	: HANDLING AND	STORAGE				
Handling Precautions		Material is normally in pellets or granular form. If it is converted in to fine dust (which is combustible) due to handling or processing, the there are chances that this dust may mix with air and form an explosive dust cloud. It poses an explosion hazard. Avoid dust accumulation. Refer following standard, NFPA 654: Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids.				
	Safe Handling Instructions	Avoid contact of the material with skin, eyes or clothing. Use appropriate PPEs during handling or processing the material. Wash hands and other exposed body parts with mild soap and water after the work is over or before eating. Molten hot material can cause thermal burns. Always wear thermal protection gloves (> 350°C.), thermal resistant clothing and face				

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		shield while processing the material on the machines. Do not breathe fumes or vapours. Ensure proper earthing of the equipment to dissipate static charges.
	Fire/ Explosion Protection	Electrostatic charge may build up during handling, transportation or processing. Always use properly grounded equipment or containers for handling or storing the material. Provide adequate ventilation in the process area and remove any fumes generated during processing, effectively using suitable equipment. Avoid dust generation. In case if it is generated in sufficient quantities, it may form combustible cloud and may pose explosion hazard. With continuous contact with heat, material will melt and may catch fire. Remove the heat source immediately. Wear required PPEs.
Storage	Requirements for Storage Area and Containers	Store the material in original bags or containers away from heat and sunlight in a well ventilated, dry area preferably below 50° C. Eliminate contact with any kind of ignition source or static charge generating substances. After opening the bags, store the material in designated labelled containers. Keep the containers closed or covered to prevent any kind of contamination. While storing in a store room, properly stack the bags. Prevent slippage of bags over each other. Adequate and safe procedures to be followed for handling of bags. Bags can be stacked as per the site specific risk assessment report for safe handling
	Incompatible to	Chlorine, Fuming Nitric Acid, and other Strong Oxidizing agents, Chlorinated Solvents, Aromatics.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits:

Component (CAS No.; EC No.)	The Factories Ad			ndia)	OS	HA		NI	OSH		AC	GIH	German TRGS 900	Europe	an Limits
	TLV-TWA		\$	STEL	PEL	STEL	REL	STEL	IDLH	Other	TLV	STEL	MAK	Ю	ELV
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm		ppm	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³

Polypropylene Homopolymer (9003-07-0; 618-352-4) has no recorded Occupational Exposure Limits and is significantly bigger than dust. Limits given hereunder are precautionary:

Respirable Dust	NE	NE	NE	NE	5	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	3	NE	5	NE	5
Total Dust	NE	10	NE	NE	15	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	10	NE	NE	NE	10

C – Ceiling Value; NE – Not Established; A1-A4: ACGIH Carcinogen Criteria; Ca – Potential Occupational Carcinogen; BEI – Biological Exposure Index; Card. Sens. – Cardiac Sensitizer; CNS Impair: Central Nervous System Impairment

Engineering Controls:

Ventilation - Proper room ventilation and exhausts to be provided at areas where there are chances of exposure to dust. Exhausts and material handling equipment, where dust generation is expected, are to be designed with proper relief valves to control / prevent explosion hazard.

Explosion Proofing – An Oxygen deficient environment is preferred at such locations if possible. Dust collecting equipment should not allow leakage or escape of dust and should be tightly closed. All the electrical equipment should be earthed to ground the static charges developed during usage. Recommend to refer NFPA 654 while designing / selecting these equipment.

Emergency Response: Safety showers and eye washers near the expected exposure sites.

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Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): **Eye Protection** Safety glasses and protective shield are recommended when handling cold material to protect from dust. Chemical Safety Goggles will protect the eyes while handling molten material. **Face Protection** Protective shield is recommended when handling cold material to protect from dust. Face shield will protect the face while handling molten material. **Skin Protection** Wear heat-resistant gloves while processing the material for protection from molten material. No protection required while handling the cold material however protective chemical resistant impervious gloves may be worn, as good industrial practice. **Respiratory Protection** Respirators may be used if the dust exposure limits are exceeded. Wear suitable mask having appropriate filter class as per the nature or particle size and concentration of dust. A respirator may be used if the work conditions demand for the same. **Hygiene Measures** Do not eat, drink or smoke while working or handling the material. Wash hands thoroughly before eating or touching body parts. Non slippery safety shoes to be worn in areas where material leakage is observed.

Appearance								
- Form	Solid pe	ellets / granules						
- Physical State	Solid							
- Size (if solid)	1 to 6 m	ım						
- Colour	Transpa	rent to White						
Odour	Odourle	ess, Mild odor	Odour Th	nreshold	Mild	to nil		
Chemical Formula	(C ₃ H ₆) _n		Molecul	ar Weight	1	0000 I for Monomer)		
рН	NA							
Melting Point, °C	160 - 17	0	Freezing	Point, °C	Not	Not pertinent		
Pour Point	Not per	tinent						
Initial Boiling Point, IBP (Boiling Range), °C	Not per	tinent						
Flash Point, °C	> 300							
Evaporation Rate	Not per	tinent	Percento	ıge Volatiles	< 0.	0.1 %		
Flammability		immediately igni n (Combustible S		act with flame b	ut will catch	n fire with little expo		
Explosion Limits:	LEL, %	Not pertinent	UEL, %	Not pertinent	Range, %	Not pertinent		
Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C	> 390							
Decomposition Temperature, °C	> 300							
Vapour Pressure (RVP)	Not per	tinent						
Vapour Density	Not per	tinent						
Bulk Density, kg/m³	500 - 60	0						

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Specific Gravity (for water = 1)		0.90 – 0.91														
Water Solu	bility				Insoluble											
Other Solubility			At higher temperature is soluble in Xylene, Decalin, Tetralin.													
Partition C Log K _{ow} (n			·)		Insoluble in wate	r an	d n-octanol									
Viscosity,	Dyna	mic/ Kiner	natic		Not pertinent											
SECTION 10): STA	ABILITY A	ND R	EA	CTIVITY											
Reactivity			No kr	now	n reactivity at room	n ter	nperature.									
Chemical Sta	bility		Stable	e u	e under normal conditions at room temperature.											
Possibility of H Reactions	lazar	dous	No ho	aza	rdous reaction will t	ake	place at normal	cor	ditions.							
\ /			which Avoid Use e	d heating above 300 °C. If heated above this temperature, it may form fumes and vapours the may cause irritation of respiratory track, coughing and shortness of breath. In digital d												
Incompatible	Mate	erials	Chlor	rine	ine, Fuming Nitric Acid, and other Strong Oxidizing agents, Chlorinated Solvents, Aromatics.											
Products			olefin	e. case of decomposition at higher temperature it will emit carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, efinic and paraffinic compounds. composition products include trace aldehyde, alcohols, organic acids, and hydrocarbons.												
SECTION 11	l: TO	XICOLO	GICA	L II	NFORMATION											
Exposure:	٧	Skin Cont	tact		Absorption (Skin)	٧	Eye Contact	٧	Inhalation (Fumes during processing or dust if formed)	٧	Ingestion (Oral)					
Symptoms/ Ef	fects	<u>:</u>							<u>'</u>							
On Skin Conto	act	Acute		Not an irritant to skin												
		Chronic		No effects determined												
		Sensitizat	lion	ion No effects determined												
On Contact with Eyes Acute Chronic		Acute		Irrit	ation and Redness	may	be experienced	qu b	on physical co	ntact						
		Chronic		No	effects determined	ł										
On Inhalation	On Inhalation Acute			Inh	alation of substanc	e du	ust may affect res	spirc	tory tract by in	itatio	n					
Chronic		c.	Repeated inhalation of substance dust may cause chronic respiratory irritation.													
		Chronic		Re	peated inhalation o	of su	bstance dust ma	iy cc	Substance May pose choking hazard							
On Swallowin	g	Chronic Acute						у сс		spirai						
On Swallowin (Ingestion)	g			Sul		chok		iy cc		spirai						
		Acute Chronic		Sul No	ostance May pose	chok		iy cc		spirai						

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Medical Conditions that can worsened	be Not established						
Acute Toxicity Values:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Component (CAS/ EC No.)	Toxicity Values						
Polypropylene (9003-07-0; 618 352-4)	LD ₅₀ , Oral: > 5000 mg/Kg (Rat) LD ₅₀ , Dermal: Not determined LC ₅₀ , Inhalation: Not pertinent LD ₅₀ , Intraperitoneal: > 110,000 mg/kg (Rat) (CDH) LD ₅₀ , Intravenous: > 99,000 mg/kg (Rat) (CDH)						
Carcinogenicity – Mutagenic	ity – Reproductive Toxicity (CMR) Effects:						
Carcinogenicity	The substance is not classified as carcinogen						
Mutagenicity	Not hazardous, No significant effects.						
Teratogenicity	Not hazardous, No significant effects.						
Reproductive Toxicity	Not hazardous, No significant effects.						
Other Effects	Not hazardous, No significant effects.						
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICA	AL INFORMATION						
Eco-Toxicity (IUCLID)	Animals or aquatic life may consume the pellets or articles made from it like films or small molded parts. Though it is not toxic in nature, it may cause blockage of respiratory or digestive system leading to discomfort, choking or other medical problems.						
Biodegradability	Not biodegradable.						
Persistence – Bioaccumulatio	n Potential - Toxicity (PBT) Assessment:						
- Persistence	The material is insoluble in water and is inert to the environment. Surface may photodegrade but is not biodegradable.						
- Bioaccumulation Potential	Not expected to bio accumulate.						
- Toxicity	Not a toxic material.						
Soil Effects/ Mobility	Has low mobility in soil.						
Other Adverse Effects to Environment	The material is not biodegradable and is insoluble in water. If not disposed properly, the material will remain in the soil or in water for a long time. In case the material is consumed by animals, it may cause obstruction to intestinal tract.						
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL C	ONSIDERATIONS						

<u>Disclaimer</u>: The information in this Safety Data Sheet pertains only to the product as shipped. Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may/ does not meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by the National or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, disposal methods may be guided by the prevalent laws.

Waste Residue	Material to be recycled where ever possible. Non-recyclable material to be properly packed, labeled and disposed off as per local / national regulations. Incineration and energy recovery may be done as per local / national regulations. Disposal in land fill should be as per local / national regulations. Do not allow entry in to water, soil, sewers or drainage.
Handling	Wear gloves while handling to prevent irritation due to powder deposition. Use thermal protective gloves while handling hot molten material.
Product Disposal	Material to be recycled where ever possible. Non-recyclable material to be properly packed, labeled and disposed off as per local / national regulations. Incineration and energy recovery may be done as per local / national regulations. Disposal in land fill should be as per local /

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	national regulations. Do not allow entry in to water, soil, sewers or drainage.
	Hazardous Waste ID: NA Basel No: NA
Packaging Disposal	Packaging should be recycled as per local / national regulations. Packaging may be rinsed, washed and recycled. Non-recyclable material to be properly packed, labeled and disposed off as per local / national regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>Disclaimer</u>: The shipping descriptions shown here are for bulk shipments only, and may not apply to shipments in non-bulk packages. Consult the appropriate domestic or international mode-specific and quantity-specific Dangerous Goods Regulations for additional shipping description requirements (e.g., technical name or names, etc.). Therefore, the information shown here, may not always agree with the bill of lading shipping description for the material. Flashpoints for the material may vary slightly between the Safety Datasheet and the bill of lading.

Chemical Name	Poly(propene)	
Hazard Class	Not classified.	
UN Number	Not Pertinent	No Pictogram required
Packing Group	Not Pertinent	
Labels Required	Not Pertinent	

UN Transport of Dangerous Goods(TDG)/ U. S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Proper Shipping Name	Poly(propene)	
Hazard Class	Not classified.	
UN Number	Not Pertinent	No Pictogram required
Packing Group	Not Pertinent	
Labels Required	Not Pertinent	

International Maritime Organization (IMO)/ International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

Proper Shipping Name	Poly(propene)					
Hazard Class	Not classified.					
UN/ NA Number	Not Pertinent					
Packing Group	Not Pertinent					
Em\$ Number	Not Pertinent					
Labels Required	Not Pertinent					

Other International Regulations (ADR/RID/ADN – Europe, MARPOL 73/78, IBC Code etc)

This product is not regulated under ADR/RID/ADN as it is not regulated under UN Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Based on the listed chemical/components, the following regulations may apply:

Indian Laws:

- 1. Chemical Accidents (Emergency Planning, Preparedness and Response) Rules (CA-EPPR), 1996
- 2. Hazardous Substances (Classification, Packaging and Labeling) Rules (Draft), 2011: Not listed
- 3. Manufacture, Storage, Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules (MSIHC), 1989: Substance not listed.
- 4. The Central Motor Vehicles Rules, 1989

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- 5. The Factories Act 1948
- 6. The Major Accident Hazard Control Rules, 1997
- 7. The Petroleum Act, 1934; and Petroleum Rules, 2002
- 8. The Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008
- 9. The product complies with Indian Standard IS 10910 on "Specification for polypropylene and its copolymers for safe use in contact with foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals and drinking water.
- 10. It also conforms to IS 16738:2018 on positive list of constituents for polypropylene, polyethylene and their copolymers for its safe use in contact with foodstuffs and pharmaceuticals.

International Regulations:

- 1. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302, dust if formed is classified as combustible dust as per SARA 311/312 classification.
- 2. U.S. **OSHA HAZCOMM** (Hazard Communication) Standard, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (**RCRA**): Substance not listed.
- 3. Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (**WHMIS**): Not a dangerous product according to HPR classification criteria
- 4. European Inventory of Existing Chemicals (EINECS): Not listed
- 5. E. U. Directives (includes: 2008/12/EC, 2012/18/EU, 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC, Reg. No. 1272/2008 Annex. VI, EU 10/2011, 2011/65/EU Annexure II, 1907/2006/EC)

RISK PHRASES: R11

SAFETY PHRASES: \$3, \$9, \$16, \$22, \$33, \$37/39, \$41

- 6. German Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS 900, TRGS 903): Not listed
- 7. U.S. National Toxicological Program (NTP): Not listed
- 8. International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): Group 3: Unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans.
- 9. FDA Regulation: The product complies with the FDA CFR Title 21,177.1520 Olefin polymer. The additives incorporated in it comply with FDA CFR Title 21,178.2010.
- 10. United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): All chemical substances in this product are either on the TSCA Active Inventory, or in compliance with the inventory.
- 11. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): No restrictions
- 12. Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E): Not listed
- 13. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants: Not listed
- 14. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC): Not listed
- 15. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals: Not listed

The Safety Datasheet format is also based on the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Z400.1: Hazardous Industrial Chemicals-Material Safety Data Sheets-Preparation), and the United Nations' Globally Harmonized System (GHS) of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. Information can also be found on European Chemical Substances Information System (ESIS), U. S. DOT's Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) and the International Uniform Chemical Informational Database (IUCLID)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer: This version replaces all previous versions. The information in this Safety Data Sheet pertains only to the product as shipped.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. No warranty of fitness for any particular purpose, expressed or implied, is made concerning the information provided herein. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Version History:

Version No.	Dated	Comments
1.0	28 April 2022	New Product SDS created

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Chemical Name Version No. 1.0

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Key or Legend to Abbreviations and Acronyms used in the Safety Data Sheet			
<=	Less Than or Equal To	IUCLID	International Uniform Chemical Informational Database
>=	Greater Than or Equal To	LEL	Lower Explosion Limit
ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
AICS	Australia, Inventory of Chemical Substances	MAK	Germany, Maximum Concentration Values
CAA	U. S. Clean Air Act [112 (r)]	MARPOL	The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973 modified in 1978
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service	MSIHC	Manufacture, Storage, Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules
CERCLA	U. S. Comprehensive Enviornmental Response, Compensation, and Liablity Act	NFPA	National Fire Protection Agency
CNS	Central Nervous System	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
DOT	U. S. Department of Transportation	NOAEL	No Observable Adverse Effect Level
DSL	Canada, Domestic Substances List	NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
EC50	Effective Concentration	NTP	U. S. National Toxicology Program
EGEST	EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenario Tool	NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	OISD	Oil Industry Safety Directorate
ENCS	Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
EOSCA	European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
EPCRA	U.S. Emergency Planning & Community Right-to-Know Act (Sec. 302: Extremely Hazardous Substances; Sec. 313: Toxic Chemicals)	PRNT	Presumed Not Toxic
GHS	Globally Harmonized System	RCRA	Resource Conservation Recovery Act
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	RoHS	Restriction of Hazardous Substances
IC50	Inhibition Concentration 50%	SARA	U.S. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Title III – List of Lists
IDLH	NIOSH, Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IMO	International Maritime Organization	TRGS	German Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances
KECI	Korea, Existing Chemical Inventory	TWA	Time Weighted Average
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%	UEL	Upper Explosion Limit
LD50	Lethal Dose 50%	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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